Nature Environment and Pollution Technology

Vol. 15, No. (1), March 2016

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AGRIS (UN-FAO)

Print/Online

International Scientific Indexing with Impact Factor (2015) 2.095

NAAS Rating of the Journal (2014) = 4.94

Scopus®, SJR (0.138)

Index Copernicus = 5.96

El Compendex of Elsevier

Chemical Abstracts, U.S.A.

Indian Science Abstracts, New Delhi, India

Pollution Abstracts, U.S.A.

Elsevier Bibliographic Databases

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	Rs. 2500	Rs. 3500 US \$200 Rs. 2500 US \$150

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Nature Environment and Pollution Technology

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ENVIRONMENTAL CALENDAR OF 2016

February

2nd : World Wetlands Day28th : National Science Day

March

3rd : World Wildlife Day
21st : World Forestry Day
22nd : World Water Day

• 23rd : World Meteorological Day

31st : Earth Hour

April

7th : World Health Day18th : World Heritage Day

• 22nd : Earth Day

• 27th : Save the Frogs Day

May

10th : World Migratory Bird Day18th : International Museum Day

• 22nd : International Day for Biological Diversity

23rd : World Turtle Day

June

1st : National Whale Day
5th : World Environment Day
8th : World Oceans Day
15th : Global Wind Day

17th : World Day to Combat Desertification and Drought

July

11th : World Population Day28th : National Tree Day

August

• 9th : International Day for World Indigenous People

• 12th : International Youth Day

September

• 16th : International Day for the Preservation of the Ozone Layer

• 17th : World Parks Day

• 18th : World Water Monitoring Day

22nd : World Car-Free Day27th : World Rivers Day

October

3rd : World Habitat Day
4th : World Animal Day
16th : World Food Day

• 17th : International Day for the Eradication of Poverty

November

6th International Day for Preventing the Exploitation of the Environment in War and

Armed Conflict

• 21st : World Fisheries Day; World GIS Day

December

• 3rd : International Day of People with Disability

5th : World Soil Day10th : Human Rights Day

11th : International Mountain Day

Conferences/Symposia/Workshops on Environment

Technoarete-International Summit on Biotechnology and Environmental Management (ISBEM 16)

10th to 11th December 2016, Pattaya, Thailand Website http://technoarete.com/FConference/ Dec2016/10-11dec pattaya-ISBEM/ **Contact person:** Conference Coordinator

Design and Nature 2016

13th to 15th September 2016, New Forest, U. K. Website: http://www.wessex.ac.uk/16conferences/design-and-nature-2016.html Contact person: Irene Moreno Millan

Water Pollution 2016

27th to 29th June 2016, Venice, Italy Website: http://www.wessex.ac.uk/16conferences/water-pollution-2016.html **Contact person:** Irene Moreno Millan

ISABIS: International Conference on **Aquaculture Science (ICAS 2016)**

20-21 September, 2016, Manila, Philippines Website: http://icas2016.weebly.com/ Contact person: infoisabis@gmail.com

17th International Conference on Green and **Sustainable Technology (GSUS)**

15-16 June, 2016, Singapore 15th to 16th June 2016, Singapore Website: http://singaporegsus.com/ Contact person: Dr. D Lazarus

8th International Congress of Environmental Research

27th to 28th July 2016, Luebeck, Schleswig-Holstein, Germany

Website: http://www.icer16.jerad.org/

index.php

Contact person: Prof. Dr. Subhash C. Pandey

EurAsia Waste Management Symposium

2nd to 4th May 2016, Istanbul, Turkey Website: http://www.eurasiasymposium.com Contact person: Mehmet Sinan Bilgili

Sustainable Development and Planning 2016

6th to 8th December 2016, Penang, Malaysia **Website:** http://www.wessex.ac.uk/16-conferences/ sustainable-development-and-planning-2016.html

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Academics World-82nd International Conference on Environmental Science and Development (ICESD)

12-13, October, 2016, Chengdu, China

Website: http://academicsworld.org/Conference/

ChengduChina/ICESD/

E-mail: info@academicsworld.org

RW-78th International Conference on Civil and **Environmental Engineering (I2C2E)**

14th October 2016, Macau, China

Website http://researchworld.org/Conference/2016/

China/1/I2C2E/

Contact person: Conference Coordinator

Energy Production and Management in the 21st Century (Energy Quest 2016)

6th to 8th September 2016, Ancona, Italy

Website: http://www.wessex.ac.uk/16-conferences/

energy-quest-2016.html

Contact person: Irene Moreno Millan

IPN: 2nd International Conference on Green and **Environmental Technology (ICGET 2016)**

23-24, September, 2016, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Website: http://icget2016.weebly.com/ Contact person: infoncorg@gmail.com

Air Pollution 2016

20th to 22nd June 2016, Crete, Greece

Website: http://www.wessex.ac.uk/16-conferences/

air-pollution-2016.html

Contact person: Irene Moreno Millan

Waste Management 2016

7th to 9th June 2016, Valencia, Spain

Website: http://www.wessex.ac.uk/16-conferences/

waste-management-2016.html

Contact person: Irene Moreno Millan

Seismologists studying the recent dramatic upswing in earthquakes triggered by human activity want to clear up a few common misconceptions about the trend

There is increasing evidence that these earthquakes are caused by injecting fluids from oil and gas operations deep into the earth. These human-caused earthquakes are sometimes called "induced earthquakes." A Seismological Research Letters focus section to be published online June 10 addresses some common misconceptions about induced seismicity-the biggest of which is that it is primarily related to oil and gas recovery by hydraulic fracturing or "fracking."

Guest editor Justin Rubinstein, a scientist with the U.S. Geological Survey, explains that most of the induced earthquakes felt in the United States are from the disposal of large amounts of wastewater from oil and gas production. The majority of this wastewater is ancient ocean brine that was trapped in rock layers along with gas and oil deposits. Only a small percentage of induced seismicity comes from fracking processes that inject liquid into the ground to break up rock layers to free oil and gas for recovery. Wastewater disposal from oil and gas operations has increased in the U.S. in the past decade, especially in states like Oklahoma where the amount of wastewater disposal doubled between 1999 and 2013.

Not all fluid injection causes earthquakes that can be detected or felt, Rubinstein added. Only a few dozen of the tens of thousands of wastewater disposal, enhanced oil recovery and hydraulic fracture wells in the U.S. have been linked to induced earthquakes that can be felt. The central United States has experienced a surge in seismicity in the past six years, rising from an average of 24 earthquakes magnitude 3.0 or larger per year between 1973 and 2008 to an average of 193 earthquakes of this size every year between 2009 and 2014, with 688 occurring in 2014 alone.

Researchers are also tracking induced earthquakes in Canada, and the current batch of studies suggests that fracking might be more significant than wastewater disposal for causing earthquakes in that country, according to focus section co-editor David Eaton of the University of Calgary.

As research continues in both countries, experts are recommending a more proactive approach to the risks of induced seismicity. A focus section article by Randi Jean Walters and colleagues at Stanford University outlines a possible workflow to reduce pre and post-injection risks at oil and gas sites. The workflow would incorporate seismic monitoring, a thorough understanding of a region's past and present geology and detailed information on the industrial methods used in an oil and gas operation. Perhaps most important, they write, an ongoing risk assessment would take into account what sorts of resources-from buildings to natural settings-would be affected by seismic activity, and what kinds of seismic activity the surrounding population is willing to tolerate.

Another focus section paper by James Dieterich and colleagues at the University of California, Riverside explores the mechanics of induced seismicity. Their study uses an earthquake simulation program called RSQSim to explore how simple faults with various levels of pre-existing stress respond to fluid injection. Their model is able to reproduce many of the observed characteristics of induced seismicity and relate them to physical quantities such as injection duration and injected volumes. If the simulator can model more complex situations in future trials, it may offer guidance on managing the seismic risks at injection sites and estimating the probabilities of inducing earthquakes.

Science Daily

DID YOU KNOW

- Recycling one aluminum can saves enough energy to run a TV for three hours.
- The world's tallest tree is a coast redwood in California, measuring more than 360 feet or 110 meters.
- The world's oldest trees are 4,600 year old Bristlecone pines in the USA.
- Every time you open the refrigerator door, up to 30 percent of the cold air can escape.
- Plastic bags and other plastic garbage thrown into the ocean kill as many as 1,000,000 sea creatures every year.
- Of 1.5 million known species, 16,118 species are in danger of disappearing.
- Each year, mankind consumes 40 percent more resources than nature can restore.
- A million tons of paper is used worldwide in a single day.
- A modern glass bottle takes 4000 years or more to decompose.
- Most of the world's creatures live in the sea. There are still millions of species to be discovered.
- On the average, there are 27 oil spills per day in the world's oceans.
- Almost all the plastic ever made still exists today. A plastic milk jug, for example, takes a million years to decompose.
- The World Health Organization estimates that 160,000 people die each year because of the indirect causes
 of climate change.
- Worldwide levels of plankton organisms have dropped 40 percent since the 1950s. The drop has been linked to rising ocean temperatures.
- The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change predicts that the ocean will rise by 18-59 centimeters by the
 year 2100 because of melting of glaciers in Greenland and Antarctica. About 10 percent of the world's
 population lives in danger of being flooded.
- China, The United States and India produce about half of the world's carbon dioxide emissions.
- The trails left by airplanes make up almost half of the greenhouse warming caused by the airline industry.
- An estimated 50,000 species inhabiting our tropical forests become extinct annually. That's an average of 137 species a day.

ENVIRONMENTAL QUOTES

• The good man is the friend of all living things.

Mahatma Gandhi

• Earth provides enough to satisfy every man's needs, but not every man's greed.

Mahatma Gandhi

• What we are doing to the forests of the world is but a mirror reflection of what we are doing to ourselves and to one another.

Chris Maser, Forest Primeval

• Here is your country. Cherish these natural wonders, cherish the natural resources, cherish the history and romance as a sacred heritage, for your children and your children's children. Do not let selfish men or greedy interests skin your country of its beauty, its riches or its romance.

Theodore Roosevelt

• What's the use of a fine house if you haven't got a tolerable planet to put it on.

Henry David Thoreau

• If the bee disappeared off the face of the earth, man would only have four years left to live.

Maurice Maeterlinck

• A nation that destroys its soils destroys itself. Forests are the lungs of our land, purifying the air and giving fresh strength to our people.

Franklin D. Roosevelt

• The earth will not continue to offer its harvest, except with faithful stewardship. We cannot say we love the land and then take steps to destroy it for use by future generations.

John Paul II

• My world, my Earth is a ruin. A planet spoiled by the human species. We multiplied and fought and gobbled until there was nothing left, and then we died. We controlled neither appetite nor violence; we did not adapt. We destroyed ourselves. But we destroyed the world first.

Ursula K. Le Guin

• A true conservationist is a man who knows that the world is not given by his fathers, but borrowed from his children.

John James Audubon

• In every walk with nature one receives far more than he seeks.

John Muir

Climate change could kill more than 500,000 adults in 2050 worldwide due to changes in diets and bodyweight from reduced crop productivity, according to new estimates published in *The Lancet*. The research is the strongest evidence yet that climate change could have damaging consequences for food production and health worldwide.

The modelling study, led by Dr Marco Springmann from the Oxford Martin Programme on the Future of Food at the University of Oxford, UK, is the first of its kind to assess the impact of climate change on diet composition and bodyweight, and to estimate the number of deaths they will cause in 155 countries in 2050. "Much research has looked at food security, but little has focused on the wider health effects of agricultural production," explains Dr Springmann. "Changes in food availability and intake also affect dietary and weight-related risk factors such as low fruit and vegetable intake, high red meat consumption, and high bodyweight. These all increase the incidence of non-communicable diseases such as heart disease, stroke, and cancer, as well as death from those diseases."

The study reveals that, unless action is taken to reduce global emissions, climate change could cut the projected improvement in food availability by about a third by 2050, and lead to average per-person reductions in food availability of 3.2% (99 kcal per day), in fruit and vegetable intake of 4.0% (14.9g per day), and red meat consumption of 0.7% (0.5g per day). The findings predict that these changes could be responsible for around 529000 extra deaths in 2050, compared to a future without climate change in which increases in food availability and consumption could have prevented 1.9 million deaths.

The countries that are likely to be worst affected are low- and middle-income countries, predominantly those in the Western Pacific region (264000 deaths) and Southeast Asia (164000), with almost three-quarters of all climate-related deaths expected to occur in China (248000) and India (136000). On a percapita basis, also Greece (124 deaths per million people) and Italy (89 deaths per million people) are likely to be significantly affected.

The biggest impacts of changes in fruit and vegetable intake are likely to be felt across high-income countries (accounting for 58% of all changes in deaths), in low- and middle-income countries (LMIC) of the Western Pacific (74%), Europe (60%), and the Eastern Mediterranean (42%). Southeast Asia and Africa top the list for underweight related-deaths in adults, accounting for 47% and 49% of all changes in deaths in 2050 respectively. Climate change will have some positive effects with many climate-related deaths being offset by reductions in obesity. However, the saving of around 260000 fewer deaths from obesity worldwide in 2050 is balanced by lower calorie availability and an increase in the number of deaths cause by people being underweight (266000 extra deaths).

According to Dr Springmann, "Climate change is likely to have a substantial negative impact on future mortality, even under optimistic scenarios. Adaptation efforts need to be scaled up rapidly. Public-health programmes aimed at preventing and treating diet and weight-related risk factors, such as increasing fruit and vegetable intake, must be strengthened as a matter of priority to help mitigate climate-related health effects."

ScienceDaily, 2 March 2016

Researchers find world's first warm-blooded fish The silvery fish, roughly the size of a large automobile tire, is known from oceans around the world and dwells hundreds of feet beneath the surface in chilly, dimly lit waters.

Researchers have discovered a first fully warm-blooded fish that circulates heated blood throughout its body much like mammals and birds.

The silvery fish, roughly the size of a large automobile tire, is known from oceans around the world and dwells hundreds of feet beneath the surface in chilly, dimly lit waters. The warm-blooded opah or moonfish swims by rapidly flapping its large, red pectoral fins like wings through the water, giving it a competitive advantage in the cold ocean depths, reported the team from National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's National Marine Fisheries (NOAA Fisheries).

"That warm-blooded advantage turns the opah into a high-performance predator that swims faster, reacts more quickly and sees more sharply," said fisheries biologist Nicholas Wegner, lead author of the paper. "It turns out to be a very active predator that chases down agile prey like squid and can migrate long distances," he added.

While looking at opah, Wegner recognised an unusual design: Blood vessels that carry warm blood into the fish's gills wind around those carrying cold blood back to the body core after absorbing oxygen from water.

The design is known in engineering as "counter-current heat exchange." Resembling a car radiator, it's a natural adaptation that conserves heat. The unique location of the heat exchange within the gills allows nearly the fish's entire body to maintain an elevated temperature even in the chilly depths.

"There has never been anything like this seen in a fish's gills before," Wegner said. This is a cool innovation by these animals that gives them a competitive edge. "The concept of counter-current heat exchange was invented in fish long before we thought of it," the authors said. Discoveries like this will help scientists understand the role species play in the marine ecosystem.

Journal Science

Antarctica's temperature to rise by 3 degrees by end of century

An expert said the rise in temperature could be the tipping point as far as the fight against global warming is concerned. The temperature in Antarctica may increase as much as three degrees by the end of the century, according to an expert. This could be the tipping point as far as the fight against global warming is concerned, he added.

"There are models about the kind of increase in (temperature in) 21st century in Antarctica and it is suspected that the temperatures in the Antarctica peninsula could increase about three degrees up to the end of this century," Jeronimo Lopez-Martinez, president of the Scientific Committee on Antarctic Research (SCAR), told IANS on the sidelines of the XIIth International Symposium on Antarctic Earth Sciences here. The Britain-based SCAR is responsible for initiating, developing and coordinating high quality international scientific research in the Antarctic region (including the Southern Ocean), and on the role of the Antarctic region in the Earth system.

Martinez also said that there was clear evidence that global warming is increasing in the planet in general and particularly in some areas.

"The areas where the temperatures have increased in the last 50 years are polar - some areas in Alaska and Siberia and Western Antarctica. The effects of warming on ice is increasing," he said, adding that melting ice changes salinity, influences currents and raises the sea level.

"The complications will arise if the temperatures increase more than 2.5 degrees in the next century," Martinez said when asked if there was a tipping point beyond which the challenge of global warming would be difficult to overcome.

The atmosphere over Antarctica as well as the ocean surrounding the southern continent has strong influences on global weather patterns and ocean currents which directly affect the mankind across the globe.

July 14, 2015, IndiaToday.in